

## CHAPTER 3, SECTION 2 QUIZ

### Matching

Match each item with the statement describing it. (2 points each)

- |                             |                              |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| a. appellate jurisdiction   | i. judiciary                 |
| b. Article I                | j. legislative supremacy     |
| c. Article II               | k. legislature               |
| d. Article III              | l. <i>Marbury v. Madison</i> |
| e. bicameral                | m. parliamentary system      |
| f. elastic clause           | n. Senate                    |
| g. executive branch         | o. Section 8                 |
| h. House of Representatives |                              |

- \_\_\_\_\_ 1. This legislative model prolongs the lawmaking process.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 2. This chamber of Congress was designed to have a stabilizing effect on lawmaking.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 3. This part of the Constitution explains the duties of the executive office.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 4. In this type of government, the legislature sometimes acts as both lawmakers and electoral college.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 5. This congressional chamber was designed to be more sensitive to popular opinion.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 6. This is the standard for a law's constitutionality in the absence of a judicial branch.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 7. Constitutionally, leadership in this branch of government is limited to advice and support.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 8. This part of the Constitution created the Supreme Court.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 9. This branch of the government has the most constitutional leeway.
- \_\_\_\_\_ 10. This part of the Constitution details the powers of the legislature.