

Unité 12

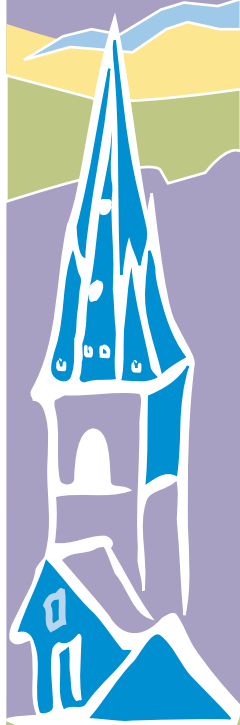


Nom _____ Date _____

1 La Polynésie Française

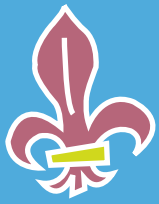
<http://www.tahiti-explorer.com>

1. Click on "The Islands" and "Tahiti." Tahiti is the largest island in _____.
2. Tahiti is composed of two islands. The larger one is named _____ and the smaller one is called _____.
3. Four recommended sites to visit in Tahiti are:
 - A. _____
 - B. _____
 - C. _____
 - D. _____
4. Click on "Travel Info" and "General Info." Travelers to Tahiti must have a _____ and an _____.
American citizens may stay here for up to _____ without a visa. One U.S. dollar is worth about _____ CFPs.
5. The average time for a postcard to get back to the U.S. is _____ days.
When it is noon in Tahiti, it is _____ in Los Angeles.
6. Tourists may suffer from sunburn in Tahiti, but they will not have to worry about poisonous _____ or _____.



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7. Click on "The Islands," "French Polynesia" and "People & Culture." About _____ people live in French Polynesia. They are all citizens of _____. Children must stay in school until the age of _____.

8. Tahitians are known for their handiwork. One example is the *tifaifai*, a patchwork _____. French artist _____ was so impressed with this handiwork that he adapted it for his "gouaches découpées."

9. The _____, a traditional dance, resembles belly dancing.

10. Scroll down to "Language." The official languages of French Polynesia are _____ and _____.

11. Return to "French Polynesia" and click on "History." The earliest inhabitants of French Polynesia arrived about _____ years ago.

More recently, Thor Heyerdahl sailed on the _____ to these islands from Peru in 1947 to prove that the Polynesians' ancestors came from South America. French Polynesia became a French colony in _____.

12. Return to "French Polynesia" and click on "Economy." _____ drives the economy of French Polynesia, followed by products made of _____.

